Assignment

Date:.....

Name:-

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Roll No:-

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Smester:-

6th

Section:-

(A)

Subject:-

Crimind Law II

Submitted To:-

(Sir Asif NAOL)

-: Lahore Leads University :-

Date:

Defamation:-

Introduction:-

Defamation is a false statement made about a person that harms their reputation in the eyes of society. It lowers the respect, dignity, or character of a person and may cause social professional or financial damage.

Definition:-

Defamation is the publication of a false statement about another person which injuries their reputation.

Types:-

There are some types of Defamation are as follow.

1- **Libel:-**

Defamation in written or permanent form such as newspapers, books, social media posts, pictures etc.

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2- Slander:-

Defamation in spoken or temporary form, like verbal statement or gesture.

Essential Elements of Defamation.

1- False statement:-

The statement must be false.

Truth is not defamation.

2- Publication:-

The statement must be communicated to a third person.

3- Harm to reputation:-

The statement must harm the person's reputation.

4- Identification:-

The statement must refer to a specific person.

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Legal Provisions in Pakistan :-

Pakistan Penal Code :- (PPC)

1- Section 499 :- Defines Defamation.
2- Section 500 :- Punishment of Defamation.

Under Section 500 PPC, defamation is punished with imprisonment up to 2 years, or fine or both.

Defense of Defamation

1- **Truth :-**
True statement are not defamation

2- **Fair comment :-**
Opinion on matters of public interest is allowed.

3- **Privilege :-**
Statement made in court or parliament are protected.

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Consent:-

If the person agreed. It is not defamation.

Examples:-

1- Publishing a false allegation that someone is a criminal

2- Spreading rumors that damage a person's career.

Conclusion:-

Defamation protects a person's dignity and reputation. The law ensures that no one can harm another reputation through false statement.